

Rashtreeya Sikshana Samithi Trust

## RV COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

R V Vidyanikethan Post, Mysuru Road, Bengaluru - 560 059. (Autonomous institution affiliated to VTU-Belagavi)



2016-2023



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# STRATEGIC PLANNING

2016-2023

"The very spring and root of honesty and virtue lie in good education"-Plutarch

#### **Founder**



Late Sri. Shivananda Sarma

The Rashtreeya sikshana samithi Trust (RSST) was founded by Sri. M.C. Shivananda Sarma, when education was a privilege of few in the pre-independent India. The vision of the founder was 'Excellence *in Education with Societal Commitment'*. Sri M.C.Shivananda Sarma, an Educationalist in the year 1940 and Sri Meda Kasturi Ranga Setty, a business man & philanthropist joined hands together to pull this movement forward. Today six decades later, RSST through the (Rashtreeya Vidyalaya) RV institutions, are in the forefront among providers of quality education in the state of Karnataka.

Message

Rashtreeya Sikshana Samithi Trust (RSST), the driving force behind Rashtreeya

Vidyalaya (RV) College of Engineering has set in motion a number of forward-

looking initiatives. The Trust has thirteen colleges, six schools and nine other

training centres with more than 1000 committed faculty and 16000 students

under its umbrella.

RV College of Engineering is the flag ship institution of RSST. The institution

is running twelve Bachelor of Engineering programs, twenty one master of

Technology programs, a Master of Computer application Program and sixteen

Research centres. The strategic Development plan (SDP) 2016-2023 would acts

as guiding document for the next six years to assess and improve the institution

towards delivering high quality education there by earning due recognition.

SDP's main focus would be on good governance, best in class teaching-

learning, research & innovation and highly employable students who act as

brand ambassadors for the institution.

I congratulate and commend the high quality work done by the Principal,

Advisor, Deans, HODs, and Faculty towards developing Strategic Development

Plan.

Wishing all the success!

Dr. M.K. Panduranga Shety

President, RSST

Chairman, Governing Body, RVCE

Message

It is heartening to note that R.V. College of College of Engineering has

embarked upon scientific way of formulating strategic development plan

document for 2016-2021. Progressive institution like RVCE must clearly spell

out and articulate vision, mission and set the direction. RVCE has made its

mark and is the most preferred institution in the Karnataka state as well as at

National level. This is right time that the institute decides its direction of growth

in the next decade. I am confident that the distinguished faculty members under

the leadership of Principal, Deans and HoDs brought out the best possible

detailed vision, mission, high level goals, strategies and its implementation plan.

Any good strategic plan will be successful, when fully implemented and its

outcomes are evaluated. I am sure that this leadership will implement the

strategic plan in its total spirit.

I take this opportunity to congratulate all the leadership team, HODs, Faculty

and staff who relentlessly worked towards bringing out this strategic

development plan document as a master piece reference mentor for the period of

2016 - 2023.

With Best Wishes!

A.V.S. Murthy Hon. Secretary, RSST Principal's Message

RVCE is the most admired institution both in the state Karnataka and also at national

level. The institution has aimed at achieving centre of excellence status at par in line

with IITs at national level. RVCE plans to secure ranking at Asia-Pacific level by

2023. It is heartening to note that all the hard work by Deans, HODs, Faculty and

Staff has resulted in having well-articulated and clearly defined strategic plan

document for RVCE 2016 - 2023.

RVCE has 5600+ students in undergraduate and 1200+ students in PG and 150+

research scholars. The theme for the strategic development plan covers all critical

aspects of the institution. The SDP implementation in its full spirit may lead this

institution towards the most preferred institution in Asia Pacific and also among all its

stake holders. The strategic development plan formulates clear vision, mission, quality

policy, core values, institutional strategic goals, strategies, sub strategies and goals.

The key performance indicator of SDP is in its successful implementation and

evaluation aspects. I have utmost confidence in the institution's human resources and

management capability in true implementation.

I am placing on the record, committed management support, alumni performance and

feedback from to time, Deans, HODs, Faculty and Staff's active participation in

making this SDP possible. My heartfelt appreciations to all the members who are

directly and indirectly involved in making an implementable document.

Wishing good luck!

Dr. K.N. Subramanya Principal Advisor's Message

RVCE is most admired institution for pursuing technical education. The institution

aims to provide support to faculty and students to attain the knowledge as well as the

skills that they aspire for. The institution also aims at a good governance framework

towards improving quality of technical education. RVCE enhances existing capacities

of the institutions to become dynamic, demand-driven, quality conscious, efficient and

forward looking. RVCE also aims at aligning with rapid economic and technological

developments in new areas both at national and international levels.

RVCE emphasises on enhancement of Postgraduate education and Research apart

from Outcome Based Education (OBE) for undergraduate programs. The mandate is

also good governance at all levels focusing on the improvement of the quality of

learning, teaching and research outcomes. Good governance focuses on effective

leadership, planning, ethics, responsibilities and accountabilities, both within and

outside institution. Towards achieving Good Governance, an attempt has been made

with the involvement of management, all heads of department and senior faculty

members to prepare this Strategic Development Plan 2016-2023.

I am sure SDP report will definitely give us direction & confidence in accomplishing

vision and mission of our Institution.

Looking at a future with excellence!

Prof. K.N. Raja Rao

Advisor

## Acknowledgements

We place on record our deep appreciations and thanks to the Management, Governing Body members, Alumni, Parents, Deans, Associate Deans, HODs, Faculty, Staff and students for their valuable inputs and active participation towards formulating the "Strategic Development Plan".

We profusely thank Prof. K. Balaveera Reddy, former vice chancellor of VTU, Belgavi and Dr. D. Vasudeva Naidu Programme Facilitator for their valuable guidance and relentless persuasion towards developing "Strategic Development Plan".

**Principal** 

#### **Preface**

An Engineering institution like any other organisation requires high level goals with long range planning and strategies to accomplish the Vision and Mission, which it dreams of. Strategic planning is a continuous process with a specific focus on accomplishing short, mid and long term goals in this highly competitive world. Strategic Development Plan (SDP) analyses current environment expected future scenarios and envisages the direction towards which the institution should move to achieve its set goals and objectives.

The first part of SDP addresses vision, mission and working on bringing out a good quality policy along with core values. These are achieved through many deliberations with all the stake holders (management, leadership, HODs, faculty, staff, industry, students and parents). Scientific scanning of internal and external environment is done through SWOC analysis. After scanning the environment, institutional goals were set up and strategies to achieve them are arrived at for the institution.

Based on Institutional Vision & Mission, the goals are drawn by holding brainstorming sessions with Deans, HODs and Professors. Institutional strategic goals and strategies are formed with action plans. The process of implementation is worked out and circulated to all the departments. Financial constraints and fund availability is one of important parameters of SDP. Internal Revenue Generation has been given due importance. SDP evaluation and committees to monitor the effectiveness has been clearly spelt out. The final out comes are discussed and approved by the Governors Body (GB).

As a good practice, inputs are drawn from stake holders through active participation and collective inputs. The SDP will stream line the processes and progress of the institution, it will also ensure that RVCE becomes a torch bearer among technical education institutions at National and Asia-pacific level by 2023.

#### **Strategic Development Process**

The Chairman, Secretary and the members of the Governing Body have felt the need of preparing a strategic development plan for the institution in a formal written document format. The mandate was given to the Principal to develop strategic plan 2016-2023 for the institution. The institution leadership team was facilitated with a two days workshop on 'strategic development leadership for excellence'. The management & top leadership team met and brain stormed on SWOC and stake holders expectations. The Leadership team met a number of times, deliberated in detail and arrived at vision, mission, quality policy and core values for RVCE. Environment scanning was done keeping vision in mind. The team also discussed about Institutes strategic High Level Goals (USG/HLG) to be achieved by 2023.

Institution strategic goals formed the main theme for arriving at strategies, sub strategies and road to accomplish them. Each Strategy was deliberated and sub-strategies were arrived towards implementation plan. Implementation plan worked out all details such as budget, resources needed and leaders responsible to implement with time lines. This implementation is separately maintained by the head of the institution.

Departments play a pivotal for the institution; hence each department worked out on their vision, mission and short, mid & long term goals. The implementation plan for the departments also reflected all details such as budget, resources needed as well as leader responsible with time lines. HODs form the core team for implementing departmental goals under the guidance of Deans/ Principal.

Strategic Development Plan emphasises on evaluation measures, monitoring team along with deviation steps if any over a period of time. The evaluative components for each stake holder are clearly spelt out along with periodicity of performance evaluation reviews.

The final draft document was discussed with BOG and after its detailed review, the suggestions were incorporated towards its effective implementation. This comprehensive plan forms the guiding plan for the years 2016-2023.

#### **Vision of the Institution**

The new millennium is witnessing unprecedented challenges and opportunities in higher education, arising from the effect of changing economic policy of liberalization and globalization. Knowledge is increasingly recognized as the main force behind economic growth and development in the context of global economy, coupled with information and communication revolution, the emergence of world-wide labour market leading to significant change in the global socio-political environment across the world. Technical Education plays a vital role in human resource development of the country by creating skilled manpower, enhancing industrial productivity and improving the quality of life of its people. Technical Education covers wide gamut of programs and specializations.

The GOI's vision is "To develop and nurture a technical education system in the country which would produce skilled manpower of the highest quality, comparable to the very best in the World and in adequate numbers to meet the complex technological needs of the economy; providing the nation a comparative advantage in the creation and propagation of innovative technological solutions and in the development of a technological capacity of the highest order, both for its application in the economic development of the country and for becoming a major supplier of technology and technological services in the World."

In tune with the GOIs Vision and other strategic information scanned from other stakeholders in the society, RVCE has set its vision as: "Leadership in Quality Technical Education, Interdisciplinary Research & Innovation, with a Focus on Sustainable and Inclusive Technology". The process of defining and assuring the quality of technical education and training must include consideration for the context in which technical education and training occur. It is also critical to remember that education has many clients.

Leadership in quality technical education to-day has many characteristics that are needed which perhaps were not necessary ten, or fifteen years ago. Technology's impact on how students learn and how teachers teach has had educational leadership think about more innovative ways in which to prepare, deliver, and assess curriculum. It is necessary now to empower our teachers and to lead in a way that reflects unconditional positive regard through relationships and displaying that they are in the fore-front of change and are key agents of change. It is equally as imperative stay abreast of current and future trends in business and

industry and to encourage technical educators to stay current in their professional and trade areas as well as in pedagogy and research.

Interdisciplinary research is a type of study or research that draws from two or more disciplines in order to gain a more well developed perspective, or discover something new. In academic discourse, interdisciplinary typically applies to four realms: knowledge, research, education, and theory. Interdisciplinary knowledge involves familiarity with components of two or more disciplines. Interdisciplinary research combines components of two or more disciplines in the search or creation of new knowledge, operations, or artistic expressions. Interdisciplinary education merges components of two or more disciplines in a single program of instruction. Interdisciplinary theory takes interdisciplinary knowledge, research, or education as its main objects of study. Creativity often requires interdisciplinary knowledge. Many intellectual, social, and practical problems require interdisciplinary approaches, Interdisciplinarians may help breach communication gaps in the modern academy, thereby helping to mobilize its enormous intellectual resources in the cause of greater social rationality and justice, by bridging fragmented disciplines. Interdisciplinarians might play a role in the defence of academic freedom. Innovation is recognized as a driver of economic growth and poverty eradication. In this context, innovation can be understood in broad terms, including "technical and nontechnical aspects, business model innovation, ecoinnovation, demand and user-driven innovation, innovation in services and design, and public-sector innovation."

Innovations in science and technology are an integral component of sustainable development. Sustainable Development is balancing the fulfilment of human needs with the protection of the natural environment so that these needs can be met not only in the present, but in the indefinite future. Inclusive growth means more and more schemes and support to attain the desired rate of economic and human development to foster economic growth, wealth distribution, social justice, adopting suitable technologies and industrial development.

Sustainable development is "development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs of Sustainable development". It is important to realize that sustainable development combines three pillars of development: social, economic, and environmental. Inclusive growth is a strategy where the growth will be achieved through certain instrumentalities so that the benefits reach the

largest section of the society and that the maximum number of people are able to derive benefits from the developmental projects. Generation of employment and livelihood opportunities, poverty reduction, and removal of regional and social disparities, agricultural and industrial growth and environmental sustainability are key elements of inclusive growth.

#### Mission

- To deliver outcome based quality education, emphasizing on experiential learning with state of the art infrastructure.
- To create a conducive environment for interdisciplinary research and innovation.
- To develop professionals through holistic education focusing on individual growth, discipline, integrity, ethics and social sensitivity
- To nurture industry-institution collaboration leading to competency enhancement and entrepreneurship.
- To focus on technologies that are sustainable and inclusive, benefiting all sections of the society.

#### **Quality Policy**

Achieving Excellence in Technical Education, Research and Consulting through an Outcome Based Curriculum focusing on Continuous Improvement and Innovation by Benchmarking against the Global Best Practices.

#### **Core Values**

Professionalism, Commitment, Integrity, Team Work, Innovation

#### **Profile of R V College of Engineering**

R.V. College of Engineering (RVCE) is the Flagship Institute of the Trust. RVCE was started on the 17<sup>th</sup> of October, 1963 with just two Engineering Programs in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering and was housed in the ground floor of R.V. Teacher's College Building at Jayanagar, Bengaluru. There were about 120 students and the programs were affiliated to Mysore University. Eventually, RVCE shifted to the present sprawling 52 acres campus on "Vijaya Dasham" day in 1967. The first batch of students graduated in the year 1968. With changing times and the needs of the nations, newere programs were added and ten years back even PG programs were added to bring in a focus on research. Not all the path over the last 50 years have been rosy. Due to the dedication and perseverance of the Trustees, today the college has truly blossomed into a full-fledged academic institute, involved in all aspects of knowledge creation, comprehension and dissemination or advocacy. RVCE celebrated its Silver Jubilee in 1988-89 and the then Vice President of India - Sri Shankar Dayal Sharma graced the occasion to mark the beginning of Silver Jubilee Celebrations. On that occasion, a New Library Block and a new hostel – Chamundi Hostel was also inaugurated. Recently, RVCE celebrated its Golden Jubilee on 6<sup>th</sup> of Jan. 2015. Sri. Mohammad Hamid Ansari, Hon'ble Vice President of India, graced the occasion to mark the beginning of Golden Jubilee Celebrations.

Today the 52 acre campus which was nearly part of the jungle, and on the elephant corridor linking Bannergatta to the Eastern Ghats, has grown into an imposing yet serene, state-of-art campus, immersed in facilitating the transformation of India, with a renewed vision, in line with the times "Leadership in Quality Technical Education, Interdisciplinary Research & Innovation, with a focus on Sustainable and Inclusive Technology". RVCE now offers 12 Undergraduate Programs, 21 Post-Graduate Programs (M.Tech & MCA). All the 16 departments are recognized Research Centres offering provision for Doctoral programs. With a vision to deliver quality education, even when colleges of same age or even half its age have more intake, RVCE has limited intake of just about 1060 in Undergraduate, about 575 Postgraduate and about 250 registered Research Scholars, a total student strength of about 5800. RVCE with currently 410 faculty, is the only college in the country with more faculty than the prescribed norms of AICTE. The existing Programs are as below:

#### **Bachelor Programs in Engineering (B.E.)**

- 1) Aerospace Engineering
- 2) Biotechnology
- 3) Chemical Engineering
- 4) Civil Engineering
- 5) Computer Science and Engineering
- 6) Electrical and Electronics Engineering
- 7) Electronics and Communication Engineering
- 8) Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering
- 9) Industrial Engineering and Management
- 10) Information Science and Engineering
- 11) Mechanical Engineering
- 12) Telecommunication Engineering

#### **Post-Graduate Programs (M.Tech / MCA)**

- 1) M. Tech in Biotechnology
- 2) M.Tech in Bioinformatics
- 3) M.Tech in Chemical Engineering
- 4) M.Tech in Structural Engineering
- 5) M. Tech in Highway Technology
- 6) M.Tech in Computer Science & Engineering
- 7) M.Tech in Computer Network Engineering
- 8) M.Tech in Power Electronics
- 9) M.Tech in VLSI Design & Embedded Systems
- 10) M.Tech in Communication Systems
- 11) M. Tech in Bio-medical Signal Processing & Instrumentation
- 12) M. Tech in Master of Engineering Management
- 13) M.Tech in Software Engineering
- 14) M.Tech in Information Technology
- 15) M.Tech in Product Design & Manufacturing
- 16) M.Tech in Computer Integrated Manufacturing
- 17) M.Tech in Tool Engineering
- 18) M.Tech in Machine Design
- 19) M.Tech in Digital Communication
- 20) M.Tech. in RF & Microwave Engineering
- 21) Master of Computer Applications

# **Stake Holders' Expectations**

Management	<ul> <li>Global Brand</li> <li>Sustainability</li> <li>Good Governance</li> <li>University Status</li> <li>Social Responsibility</li> </ul>
Leadership Team	<ul> <li>RVCE ranking with in top 100 in Asia</li> <li>Competent Faculty</li> <li>Internal Revenue growth for sustainability</li> <li>Industry oriented /continuing education programmes</li> <li>Bench marking through Accreditation of programs and institution</li> <li>Creation of Centres of excellence</li> </ul>
Faculty & Staff	<ul> <li>Good academic &amp; working ambience</li> <li>Career growth ,Research facilities &amp; incentives</li> <li>Academic independence with accountability</li> <li>Transparency and uniform processes</li> </ul>
Students	<ul> <li>Good academic &amp; research ambience</li> <li>Support for co-curricular &amp; Extracurricular activities</li> <li>State of the art infrastructure</li> <li>Experiential learning &amp; Opportunity for talent exposure</li> <li>International learning at affordable cost</li> <li>Quality Placement, career guidance and entrepreneurial opportunities</li> </ul>
Parents	<ul> <li>Branding</li> <li>Quality teaching- learning</li> <li>Disciplined students</li> <li>Good placements</li> </ul>
Industry	<ul> <li>Industry ready professionals with proper attitude</li> <li>Strong fundamentals</li> <li>Strong Industry-Institution interaction</li> <li>Collaborative research, consultancy</li> <li>Brand and accreditations of the institute</li> </ul>
Society & Others	<ul> <li>Graduates with Moral, Ethical and Responsible Citizenship</li> <li>Social service activities by the institution</li> <li>Skill development for needy</li> <li>Resource centre for other institutions</li> <li>Consultancy and Continuing education Programs</li> </ul>

### **Environmental Scanning and Analysis**

**Economic Factors** are analysed, GDP is at 4.7 % for 13-14, with new government in place, GDP is likely to grow to more than 7%. Huge opportunities may come up in terms of placement, Higher Education, research and innovation. This will have positive impact for the institutes providing quality education and research.

**Social Factors** were analysed and the parent community and society are encouraging their wards and looking for placements but not on real education which will enhance knowledge. This trend may pose grave dangers in the years to come. Placement should be one of the goals in students mind but not the only goal, this trend will bring down the curtains on innovation and entrepreneurship.

**Technological Factors** were discussed and the extensive use of technology in teaching-learning need to be a key enabler in higher education. Emerging technologies and need for training faculty to face these challenges. E-learning /online learning/online examination may replace traditional class room teaching-learning practice. The faculty need to change their pedagogical skills to match these challenges.

**Political Factors** at the state & centre are not favouring faculty in research facilitation for those working in private institutions. Also there is no clarity on admission policy and fee structure from government which could be a challenge. Higher education is getting a big priority from political decision making. National Skill Development is the need of the hour and funding with a specific focus on building skill inventory needs to be strategically planned.

**Regulatory Factors** are of concern as RVCE though being autonomous is plagued by several unscheduled inspections, the slow pace of Accreditation is also a worrying factor though RVCE is the most preferred institute to pursue technical education.

**Entering of Foreign Universities** may pose a great challenge in the years to come in the form of competition. No immediate challenges seen for RVCE. However, faculty retention and need to look into curriculum reforms to keep pace with flexible system of foreign universities needs an immediate looking in.

Market /Competition Factors are posing some challenges as many Deemed /Private state universities- Industry lead universities are getting started in many states. Infrastructure and funding may not be a differentiator any more. Quality teaching, research, ambience and placements could be critical factors. There needs to be a serious thought on incentives for performers for this a consensus has to be arrived at. An internal IQAC will take care with external experts.

### **SWOC** Analysis

#### **Strengths**

- Committed Management
- 50 years of standing
- Brand Name and most preferred institution
- Talented students
- Excellent Infrastructure
- Quality & Competent Faculty
- Retention of employees
- Research Centers & Publications
- Excellent internships & placements
- Disciplined campus

#### Weaknesses

- Existing policy limits attracting top quality faculty
- Lack of dissemination and understanding of HR polices, incentives, Grievance redressal mechanism & transparency
- Lack of clarity of Role-responsibility and accountability.
- Skilled Staff shortage
- Poor Alumni engagements

## s w o c

#### **Opportunities**

- Eligibility for University status
- Starting Integrated programmes
- Strengthening collaboration with industry in research, consultancy, training & internships.
- Global initiatives through foreign university tie-ups.
- Achieving University Status
- Enhanced community engagement

#### **Challenges**

- Entry of Foreign Universities
- Multiple compliance requirements and time lines affecting Teaching & research
- Inconsistency in policies and regulatory guidelines.
- Possible financial crunch
- Retention and recruitment of Quality faculty

## **Strategic Goals**

RVCE Leadership Team after brain storming the vision, mission, quality policy, core values, environmental factors and SWOC analysis arrived at the step to establish high level goals (HLG) which are also called Institution Strategic Goals (ISG)



# 1. Good Governance

	<ul> <li>Merit based GB appointment</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Performance management of GB members through</li> </ul>
<b>Governing Body</b>	specific responsibilities
	<ul> <li>Evaluation of institutions performance and bench marking</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Guiding and approving policy matters</li> </ul>
	Vision, Mission development & their articulation
Vision, Mission and Institution	Setting short term and long term goals
Goals	Institutional Strategic development plan
	<ul> <li>Institutional strategic goals setting</li> </ul>
	■ Transparency in Leadership & appointment of Key
	positions
	• Service conduct rules and polices formulation, approval &
Transparency & Leadership	implementation
	Grievance Redressal mechanism
	<ul> <li>Leadership Development through decentralization</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Establishing E-Governance- MIS- Data analysis</li> </ul>
	• Setting up of IQAC with internal & external members to
Internal Quality Assurance Cell & Accreditation	audit processes
	Establishing internal audit committee for regulatory
	compliance
	<ul> <li>Systems, checks and balances- Remedial measures.</li> </ul>
C4 Jan-4- Dan-4	Students nomination to Governing Body
Students Participation	Their suggestions in various academic and student affairs

# 2. University Status

	• Discussion in Governing Body and approval for University
Vision & Budget allocation	status
	Resource planning & budget approval
	• Constitution and appointment of committee to prepare
Duamanation of LIDD & mus	University Development Plan (UDP)
Preparation of UDP & pre-	• Formation of Academic Council, BoS and Liaison
assessment	officeretc)
	Preparation for pre-assessment & assessment
Accreditation & Certifications	Accreditation & Assessment cell
	Inspections preparation & Approvals
	Statutory inspections planning and preparation
<b>Statutory Inspections</b>	• Inspections facilitation & remedial measures
	Provisional university approval status

# 3. <u>Leadership Development</u>

Developing Ownership	<ul><li>Motivating through interactions</li><li>Partnership incentive plans</li></ul>
Assessment & Identification	<ul> <li>Expert committee to assess all existing leaders potential</li> <li>Find gaps and structure changing</li> <li>Identify positions for external</li> </ul>
Decentralization	<ul> <li>Decentralize the academic, administration and student related</li> <li>Prescribe duties, responsibilities and accountability</li> <li>Rotation of key posts to build leadership</li> </ul>
Development & Job Rotation	<ul> <li>Develop Leadership competencies</li> <li>Plan for Job rotation /enlargement /enrichment assignments</li> <li>Plan for new /crisis assignments</li> </ul>
Retention Measures	<ul> <li>Growth retention plans through Career advancement.</li> <li>Golden handcuffs through (monetary /welfare )</li> </ul>

# 4. Financial Management

	Department wise Budget planning of all heads of accounts
	<ul> <li>Forecast &amp; estimation of revenue (Both IRG and ERG)</li> </ul>
Budgeting	<ul> <li>Forecast &amp; estimation of expenditure</li> </ul>
Dudgeting	Emergency plans
	<ul> <li>Budget formulation &amp; approval through Finance</li> </ul>
	committee
Financial Governance (HoDs)	Planned expenditure management
	<ul> <li>Procurement and Financial policies implementation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Monthly Audit (internal /External) checks-balances</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Support through research, consultancy and training</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Monitoring expenses as per budget planning</li> </ul>
Outflow Management &	Predicting internal revenue generation
Growth plans	<ul> <li>Treasury (surplus funds ) management</li> </ul>
	■ Growth- Expansion plans

# 5. Physical infrastructure

	Plantation, Rain water harvesting and green cover
Green Campus (Keeping with	<ul> <li>Energy harvesting &amp; management</li> </ul>
the Vision & Mission)	<ul> <li>Hygiene, solid waste management (zero plastic usage)</li> </ul>
	Reuse of waste
	Efficient usage of recycled waste water from STIP
A and amin infragturature	Aesthetic Class rooms, Tutorials, Seminar halls
Academic infrastructure	State of the art Laboratory & equipment
T.2h	Library infrastructure up gradation
Library	<ul> <li>Functional Furniture and fittings for e-learning</li> </ul>
	Staff quarters and township facilities
Residential Township	Safety, Security management
	Water facility and health centre
	Developing sports ( indoor/outdoor) facilities
	<ul> <li>Hobby clubs, Canteen &amp; community centre</li> </ul>
Sports, Hostel & Canteen	<ul> <li>Additional Hostels facility for boys &amp; Girls within the</li> </ul>
	campus
	International Hostel

# 6. Teaching-Learning Infrastructure

	Smart boards
Smart Class rooms	Multi-room instructional facility
Smart Class rooms	Multi media and support equipment
	<ul> <li>E-Learning facilities</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>R&amp;D Laboratory and its maintenance</li> </ul>
Laboratory- R&D Equipment	<ul><li>Simulators</li></ul>
	■ Industry equipment (centres of competence) for
	consultancy
	Licensed softwares- Higher BW
	<ul><li>Hardware (Servers, Computersetc)</li></ul>
	<ul><li>Pedagogy tools</li></ul>
KE & ICT	<ul> <li>Online learning tools</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Evaluation &amp; assessment tools</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Learning Management System</li> </ul>
	■ ICT for 360 deg. Feedback.
	<ul> <li>Books, Journals, Periodicals, Magazines</li> </ul>
<b>Books &amp; E-Learning</b>	<ul> <li>Online access to E-media</li> </ul>
	Departmental library books

# 7. <u>Library & Information Centre</u>

Infrastructure enhancement	<ul> <li>Budget allocation</li> <li>Infrastructure (Buildings &amp; Furniture)</li> <li>CCTV and Lockers facility</li> </ul>
Removal of obsolescence in Books & Resources	<ul> <li>Books, journals procurement, storage and retrieval</li> <li>Resources automation &amp; Access (24X 7)</li> </ul>
Digital & E-Library	<ul> <li>Digitization of Library resources</li> <li>Establishing cloud based e-library &amp; online access</li> </ul>

# 8. Attraction, strengthening and retention of Faculty

Talent Hiring & Retention policy	<ul> <li>Merit based hiring policy formulation &amp; implementation</li> <li>Career advancement Schemes</li> <li>Scientific induction/ orientation of new talent</li> <li>Critical talent identification &amp; retention measures</li> </ul>
UGC /AICTE Scales, Rewards & Recognitions	<ul> <li>UGC /AICTE scales implementation for all cadres / designations</li> <li>Additional cadres to be created for deserving staff</li> <li>Rewards – recognitions &amp; incentives</li> <li>Welfare policy formulation &amp; implementation</li> </ul>
Conducive working environment	<ul> <li>Best work facilities and infrastructure</li> <li>Role &amp; responsibilities clarity and empowerment</li> <li>Online access to Library- journals 24X7 hours</li> <li>Township /quarters facility</li> </ul>
Career growth & Development	<ul> <li>Sponsorship/ Deputation, sabbaticals for higher education &amp; Exchange programmes</li> <li>Sponsorship to participate in national /international conferences</li> <li>Deputation to premier national /international universities/industry</li> </ul>

# 9. Teaching-Learning and Evaluation Process

Bench mark with Premier	•	Constitute academic teams and visit premier institutions
institutes	•	Customise & Implement best practices
	•	Design curriculum as per all graduate attributes and
		expectations of stake holders
Curriculum Design &	•	Develop lesson plan as per OBE & academic calendar
Lesson plan	•	Develop e-learning content
	-	Benchmark with industry requirements
	•	Use of LMS to support students
	•	Conduct training need analysis every two years
TNA and upgrading	•	Conduct / depute faculty and staff for competence development
faculty & staff competence	•	Support paper publications and presentations
lacuity & staff competence	•	Provide opportunities for networking
	•	Train faculty to use LMS effectively
	•	Define outcomes of each teaching learning initiative
Knowledge Delivery &	•	Continuous Assessment and evaluation to measure outcomes
Outcome based education	•	Establish Research Culture
	•	Access to online learning
	•	Mentor on academic, career & higher educational opportunities
	-	Create proper feedback system
<b>Evaluation &amp; Assessment</b>	•	Continuous progress assessment
	-	Question bank development & Term end examinations
	-	Credit transfers and performance development

# 10. <u>Industry- Institute Relationships</u>

Industry Data base & Intelligence	<ul> <li>Strengthen placement, training and industry institute interaction cell</li> <li>Identify branch wise preferred industries &amp; companies</li> <li>Identification of potential areas of research</li> <li>MoUs &amp; NDA with potential industries/companies</li> <li>Professional bodies membership</li> </ul>
Leverage Industry Resources	<ul> <li>Invite industry experts for guest lecturers /talks/seminars</li> <li>Partner with industry for syllabus reviews/advisory roles</li> <li>Deputation of faculty to Industry on sabbatical</li> <li>Leverage for internships, research projects, consultancy &amp; placements</li> <li>Scholarships</li> </ul>
Leverage Institutional Resources for Industry	<ul> <li>Training and talks by faculty</li> <li>Consultancy and testing to industry</li> <li>Starting of postgraduate programs for industry personal</li> <li>Enrolling industry personnel for Ph.D.</li> </ul>
Setting up Centres of Excellence	<ul> <li>Identify potential industries who can establish centres of excellence department wise</li> <li>Establish and operationalize centres of excellence</li> <li>Setting up of chairs in specific domains by industry</li> </ul>

# 11. Research, Development and Innovation

	<ul> <li>Enhancing R&amp;D laboratories in all departments</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Modernisation and removal of obsolescence of</li> </ul>
D 0 D I. C 4 0 T	laboratories
R&D Infrastructure &Teams	<ul> <li>Dedicated R&amp;D facilitation &amp; documentation centre</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Competent technical staff for R&amp;D labs</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Start new Journals with scopus indexing.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Fund raising through Project proposals</li> </ul>
<b>Establishing Centres of</b>	<ul> <li>Apply for TEQIP/Government/ other funding</li> </ul>
competence	<ul> <li>Establishing centres of excellences</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Establishing Consultancy cell</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>MoUs with higher learning institutions in India &amp;</li> </ul>
	abroad.
MOU with premier institutes/	<ul> <li>Collaborations with IISC, IITs, TIFR, ISRO, DRDO,</li> </ul>
R&D labs	NAL, HAL, BELetc
	<ul> <li>Multi &amp; inter disciplinary research and product</li> </ul>
	development
	Encourage "idea to product" pre-incubation activities
In substian Contro Dusdust	<ul> <li>Establishing incubation centres</li> </ul>
Incubation Centre /Product	<ul> <li>Focus on Product development</li> </ul>
Development	<ul> <li>Startup of maker Space (Fab Lab) – Product and</li> </ul>
	development
	<ul> <li>Patent filing, Scaling up &amp; commercialisation</li> </ul>
Setting up of Patent cell	- I atent ming, Searing up & commerciansation
Setting up of Patent cell	Starting of patent cell

## 12. Quality Assurance Systems

Establishing Quality Systems	<ul> <li>Setting up bench marks &amp; system flow</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Quality Policy steering committee</li> </ul>
	Publishing Quality system design & culture
	<ul> <li>Educating &amp; Training of all employees</li> </ul>
Internal Quality Assurance &	Setting up of IQAC team
Assessment cell	<ul> <li>Periodic checks and guidance</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Internalise the process based on</li> </ul>
Accreditation & Certifications	Choose accreditation/certification agency
	<ul> <li>Audit and certifications</li> </ul>
	Establish audit process & audit teams
Audit Internal Controls	<ul> <li>Train internal auditor teams</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Audit and remedial measures</li> </ul>
	Setting up of Quality assurance cell
Continual improvement,	<ul> <li>Identifying achievements &amp; best practices</li> </ul>
Rewards & Recognitions	<ul> <li>Quality circle competitions &amp; rewards</li> </ul>
	Annual competitions

# 13. Entrepreneurship

EDP Cell	<ul> <li>Establishment of dedicated EDP cell</li> <li>Budget /seed funding for funding initial projects</li> <li>Identification of emerging areas of entrepreneurship</li> </ul>
Identification of students, mentors & Training	<ul> <li>Identify interested students for entrepreneurship</li> <li>Identify mentors from successful entrepreneurs from Alumni/others</li> <li>Formal training on entrepreneurship</li> </ul>
Leverage Promotion agencies	<ul> <li>EDP agencies and networking</li> <li>Competitions participation</li> <li>Leverage for funding &amp; support</li> </ul>
Incubation & Pilot projects	<ul> <li>Establish incubation centre for prototypes</li> <li>Provide incubation support for students</li> <li>Incubation support for outside SMEs</li> </ul>

# 14. Placements, Internships & Career Guidance

Placement & Career guidance Department	<ul> <li>Dedicated team</li> <li>Modernisation of infrastructure (Video conferencing, interview &amp; conference rooms)</li> <li>Video recording of mock up interviews of students and feedback</li> </ul>
Industry MOUs- Intelligence	<ul> <li>Data base of various potential industries/companies</li> <li>MOU s and relationship management</li> <li>Industry experts as resource persons</li> </ul>
Training & Development	<ul> <li>Awareness programmes</li> <li>Value added programmes (soft skills &amp; domain expertise)</li> <li>Competency enhancement centre</li> </ul>
Internships, Placement process & Success stories	<ul> <li>Internships planning and execution</li> <li>Placement process coordination</li> <li>Success stories celebration- Brand building</li> </ul>

## **Extra-Curricular and Co-curricular activities**

State of the art infrastructure	<ul> <li>Budget allocation</li> <li>Establish state of the art infrastructure (indoor/outdoor)</li> <li>Formation of hobby clubs</li> </ul>
Coaching, training & competitions	<ul> <li>Dedicated coaches /trainers recruitment</li> <li>Regular training /coaching classes</li> <li>Participation in tournaments/competitions</li> <li>Hosting competitions/ tournaments</li> </ul>
Credit transfer, Rewards & Recognition	<ul> <li>Admission priority for state/national achievers</li> <li>Academic credits transfer</li> <li>Attendance compensation</li> <li>Reward &amp; Recognise achievers</li> </ul>

## 15. Alumni Interaction

Alumni Association	<ul> <li>Strengthen Alumni association and engagement</li> <li>Establish alumni association office on campus, engage students</li> <li>Data base updation and interactive alumni website</li> <li>Establish global chapters and networking</li> </ul>
Relationships & Leveraging	<ul> <li>Regular interactions /invitations</li> <li>Recognise successful alumni</li> <li>Leverage for guest lecturers/internships/placements</li> <li>Academic advisors/ Board of governors</li> </ul>
Endowments	<ul> <li>Explore Contributions / endowment partnering</li> <li>Brand ambassadors</li> <li>Sponsorships/scholarships</li> </ul>

# 16. Community Service and Extension activities

<b>Budget and Resources</b>	<ul> <li>Budget from institution resources</li> <li>Budget from Faculty/students/Govt/other donors</li> </ul>
Village adoption & Rural Projects	<ul> <li>Identify nearby villages for adoption</li> <li>Study rural projects and challenges</li> <li>Explore &amp; provide support to the execution of projects</li> </ul>
Vocational training	<ul> <li>Identify the job oriented courses as per local needs</li> <li>Provide vocational training at the institute</li> <li>Educational tuitions/ support to village students</li> </ul>
Health and hygiene support	<ul> <li>Conducting health awareness camps</li> <li>Providing free medicines to the needy</li> <li>Psychological and psychiatric support</li> </ul>

# 17. Global Initiatives

New Campuses / Programs	<ul> <li>Explore establishing new campuses in developing countries</li> <li>MoUs with the governments of developing countries</li> <li>Twinning programmes with leading universities of developed countries</li> </ul>
Foreign Students	<ul> <li>Attracting foreign students</li> <li>Twinning programmes with foreign students</li> </ul>
MoUs with Foreign Governments/ Institutions	<ul> <li>Identify foreign higher level learning institutions</li> <li>MOUs with potential partner institutions</li> <li>MOUs with governments for education &amp; projects</li> </ul>

## **Strategy Implementation and Monitoring**

Strategic development plan once approved by Governing Body the next immediate step is its implementation in true spirit. Strategy when being implemented, the progress shall be measured from time to time through the IQAC. SMART (specific, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic and Time bound) concept is made use of while arriving at implementation plans. All the measures of success are clearly spelt out in the implementation document and Head of the institution along with leadership team is the custodian for implementation and its success.

#### **Implementation Plan at Institution Level**

Good Governance & Administration	GB, Chairman, Members of GB
Finance Management	Finance Committee, Hon. Treasurer,
_	Principal
Institution Statutory Compliance	Principal and Coordinators
Branding /Expansion	GB members, Leadership team & Public
	relations team
University Status	GB / Special Committee
Talent Management	GB, Chairman and Principal
TEQIP	GB, TEQIP coordinator and Principal
Infrastructure (physical)	GB, Chairman, Dean (Infrastructure) & team
Infrastructure-Academics	Principal, HODs, Deans (Academics), Dean
	(Infrastructure)
Teaching- Learning	Principal, Dean (academics), HODs,
	Faculty and Staff
Research	Dean (Research) & Deans PG studies
Student affairs	Dean (Student affairs)
Student admissions	Dean (Admissions), Principal
Departmental activities	HODs and Faculty
Placement & Training	Dean (Placement & Training) and HoDS

#### **Measurable during Implementation**

<b>Good Governance</b>	GB selection, appointment, functioning, good
	governance initiatives, Management commitment,
	Vision-Mission reviews, Number of meetings
	conducted, decisions made, Committees appointment,
	performance , Polices implementation, grievance
	procedures, Educational ERP implementationetc.
Talent Management	Recruitment, Selection of faculty, staff, salary, attrition
	rate, benefits as per UGC/AICTE norms, Track Faculty
	and staff performance.
Student Intake Quality	CET ranking, Students profile, PUC marks score

<b>Student Academic Performance</b>	Pass percentage, number of distinctions & first classes,
	Graduate attribute attainment levels and alumni
	feedback.
Placement	Number of offers made through placement department,
	average salaries offered, Companies visiting the campus,
	Number of graduates pursuing higher education, number
	of students becoming eligible for higher education
	through GRE/GATE/CAT/GMATetc, Public sector
	and other Government jobs, percentage of graduates
	becoming Entrepreneurs.
Curriculum	Curriculum review & design, Industry partnerships,
	Faculty training on new areas, Introduction of new
	courses, new courses/ electives offered in emerging
	areas.
Alumni	Alumni data base, number of interactions, support for
	internships, placements, projects, scholarships,
	consultancy and contribution towards infrastructure
	development.
Research and Consultancy	Publications in national/international journals and
	conference proceedings, Patents filed, conferences &
	workshops organised, New MOUs signed with academic
	and industrial organizations, Centres of competence
	established.
Physical Infrastructure	Number of buildings, class rooms added, removal of
	obsolescence, equipment added, annual budget allocated
	& utilized.
Social Responsibility	Number of villages adopted, vocational trainings
	provided, social projects undertaken and skill
	development programs for marginal section of the
	society.
Extra Curricular Activities	Number of student participants, number of tournaments
	won, number of sports and Techno-cultural events
	organized, Regional, National & International
	recognitions received, and competitions participated.
Sources of Funding	Students – Tuition Fees, Government reimbursements,
	Government grants, Industry Sponsorships, Funding
	raised through sponsored Projects, Consultancy /Testing
	Services, International grants, Alumni Contribution,
	Philanthropy- Donors, Trust Fund income

The committee will be formed for review from time to time. The following leadership team will monitor the time to time implementation scheme against the measurables and do prepare detailed MIS for BOG review.

- Chairman, GB
- Principal, Deans/HODs
- Professors, Faculty & Staff
- Student representatives
- Industry representatives
- Parent nominees
- Accreditation /Inspection bodies

#### Conclusion

RVCE was started with humble beginnings in 1963 and completed its Golden jubilee celebrations in 2014. The institute has progressively grown and achieved many mile stones. The institute has done very well in placements in spite of the economic recession for the last 05 years. The institute has autonomous status and is always revising syllabus as per current industry requirements. TEQIP Phase-II emphasis led to the development of Strategic Development Plan (SDP) for the institute.

The SDP is an outcome of management commitment, institute leadership commitment, steering committee's detailed deliberations with all the stake holders. This collective wisdom ensures participation, ownership of the plan among all the stake holders. The institutional strategic goals have strategies; Strategies have sub strategies with detailed implementation plan to ensure success and sustainability over a period of time. The execution and operational implementation is monitored by stringent evaluation standards and speaks the quality of the strategy itself. The caveat is Strategy itself can do nothing but its implementation holds the key. The strategy is not static document but dynamic due to continuous changing environment and it is an ongoing process to evolve as per the necessity.